

In the Specification

Please amend the specification as follows. Applicant has included herewith an amended paragraph of the specification with insertions and deletions indicated by underlining and bracketing, respectively.

At page 15, line 20:

The term "stringent conditions" as used herein refers to parameters with which the art is familiar. Nucleic acid hybridization parameters may be found in references which compile such methods, e.g. *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, J. Sambrook, et al., eds., Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 1989, or *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, F.M. Ausubel, et al., eds., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York. More specifically, stringent conditions, as used herein, refers, for example, to hybridization at 65°C in hybridization buffer (3.5 x SSC, 0.02% Ficoll, 0.02% polyvinyl pyrrolidone, 0.02% Bovine Serum Albumin, 2.5mM NaH₂PO₄(pH7), 0.5% SDS, 2mM EDTA). SSC is 0.15M sodium chloride/0.015M sodium citrate, pH7; SDS is sodium dodecyl sulphate; and EDTA is ethylenediaminetetracetic acid. After hybridization, the membrane upon which the DNA is transferred is washed, for example, in 2 x SSC at room temperature and then at 0.1 - 0.5 x SSC/0.1 x SDS at temperatures up to 68°C.

At page 16, line 7:

In general homologs and alleles typically will share at least 75% nucleotide identity and/or at least 90% amino acid identity to the sequences of cancer associated antigen nucleic acid and polypeptides, respectively, in some instances will share at least 90% nucleotide identity and/or at least 95% amino acid identity and in still other instances will share at least 95% nucleotide identity and/or at least 99% amino acid identity. The homology can be calculated using various, publicly available software tools developed by NCBI (Bethesda, Maryland) that can be obtained through the internet from the NCBI website (~~ftp://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pub/~~). Exemplary tools include the BLAST system available from the NCBI website at ~~http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov~~, using default settings. Pairwise and ClustalW alignments

(BLOSUM30 matrix setting) as well as Kyte-Doolittle hydropathic analysis can be obtained using the MacVector sequence analysis software (Oxford Molecular Group). Watson-Crick complements of the foregoing nucleic acids also are embraced by the invention.

Please replace the pending Sequence Listing with the Sequence Listing filed herewith.